

The background features a black and white aerial photograph of a city skyline, likely New York City, showing numerous skyscrapers and buildings. A large, stylized red geometric shape, resembling a triangle or a stylized 'A', is overlaid on the right side of the image. The title text is positioned in the lower right quadrant, partially overlapping the red graphic.

Seismic Resilience **Evaluation Index System**

GROUP 3 Yikun Liu; Jingqiu Liao; Jian Tang; Weixuan Chen; Yinan Hu

CONTENTS

- 1 Project Definition & Recent Progress
- 2 Literature Review
- 3 Index System
- 4 Future Plan





PART 01

Project Definition & Recent Progress

Project definition & Recent progress



Project Definition

Build an index system to assess community resilience to measure the present level of community resilience. Our target this semester is to finish the selection of all the indexes, and try to make their future quantization as easy as possible.

Mayunga's framework

□ What we did so far:

- Framework from Mayunga (5×4)
- Index selected based on various literature
- Index adjustment based on Chinese literature

	Mitigation	Preparedness	Response	Recovery
Social	...			
Economic		...		
Institutional			...	
Environmental				...
Infrastructural				...

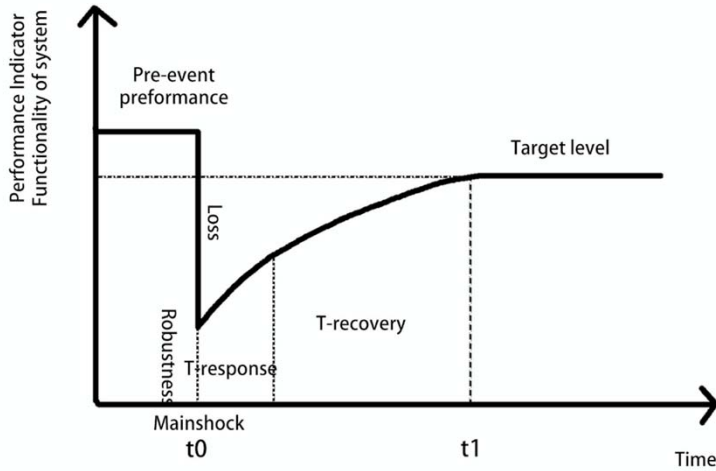


Explanation of four phases

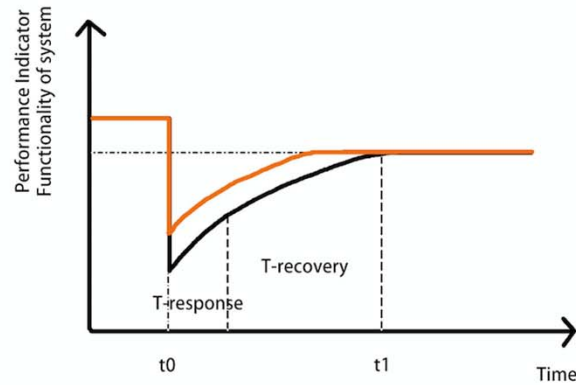
Explanation of four phases

Disaster Phases	General definition	Example of activities
Hazard Mitigation	Advance actions taken to reduce or eliminate the long term risk .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building dams, levees, dikes, and floodwalls • Strengthening buildings through building standards
Disaster Preparedness	Activities undertaken to protect human lives and property in conjunction with threats that cannot be controlled by means of mitigation .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing and installation of warning systems • Developing plans for evacuation • Training of emergency personnel
Emergency Response	Activities that are conducted between the detection of the event and the stabilization of the situation following the impact.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evacuation • Search & Rescue • Provision of medical care <small>[SEP]</small>
Disaster Recovery	Actions taken to repair, rebuild, and reconstruct damaged properties and to restore disrupted social routines and economic activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Re-establishment of economic activities • Provision of housing, clothing, and food • Rebuilding of major structure

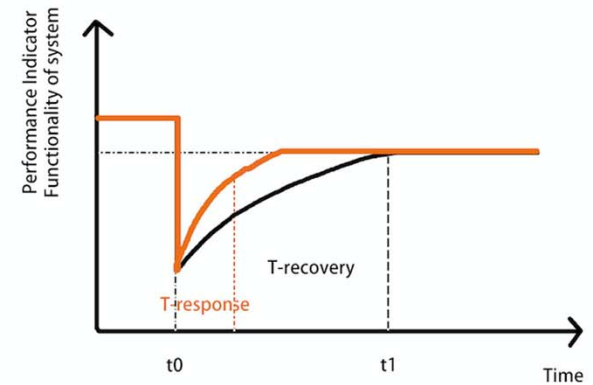
A more clear explanation in the resilience model



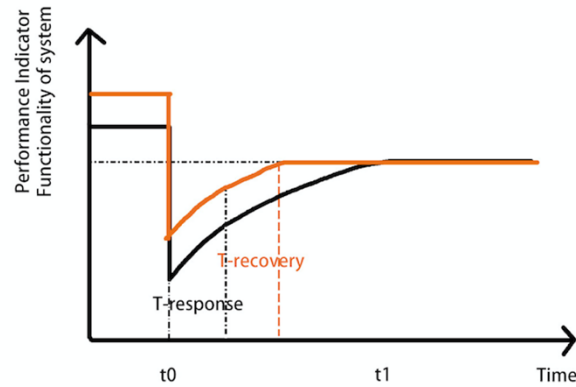
Normal Resilience Model



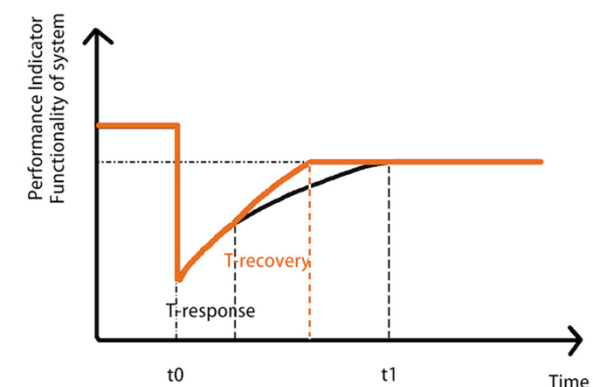
Mitigation



Recovery



Preparedness



Response

Improved Resilience Model



Tsinghua's functional areas



□ We identified Tsinghua's main functional areas, and colored it as the following graph. Due to the graph, Tsinghua's main functional areas include:

- Accommodation areas
- Living areas (include teaching area, market, canteen etc.)
- Hospitals;
- School (middle and primary)
- Open areas (playground and green areas)
- Lifelines (main road and pipes etc.)
-

□ As we already have some progress for infrastructure, we mainly focus on the other dimensions, including social, economic, environment and institutional.





PART 02

Literature Review

References



Stage One: Definition, Background and Theoretical basis

- [1]Heng Cai and others.A synthesis of disaster resilience measurement methods and indices[J]. International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction,2018(31):844-855.
- [2]A.M. Aslam Saja and others. An inclusive and adaptive framework for measuring social resilience to disasters[J]. International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction,2018(28):862-873.
- [3]Constantine E. Kontokosta, Awais Malik. The Resilience to Emergencies and Disasters Index: Applying big data to benchmark and validate neighborhood resilience capacity[J]. Sustainable Cities and Society,2018(36):272-285.
- [4]廖茂林, 苏杨, 李菲菲. 韧性系统框架下的城市社区建设[J]. 中国行政管理, 2018(4).
- [5]李亚, 翟国方. 我国城市灾害韧性评估及其提升策略研究[J]. 规划师, 2017, 33(8):5-11.
- [6]田琳. 面向“韧性城市”的北京市综合灾害风险管理研究[D].首都经济贸易大学,2018.
- [7]Md. Humayun Kabir, Miharu Sato Assessment of Urban Disaster Resilience in Dhaka North City Corporation (DNCC), Bangladesh[J]. Procedia Engineering 2018, 212(2018)1107-1114.
- [8]翟长海,刘文,谢礼立.城市抗震韧性评估研究进展[J].建筑结构学报,2018,39(09):1-9.
- [9]滕五晓, 罗翔, 万蓓蕾,等. 韧性城市视角的城市安全与综合防灾系统——以上海市浦东新区为例[J]. 城市发展研究, 2018(3).
- [10]周庆伟. 中小学校防灾减灾韧性评价体系研究[D]. 西南科技大学, 2016.
- [11]吴浩田.韧性城市规划理论与方法及其在我国省略以合肥市市政设施韧性提升规划为例[J]. 上海城市规划, 2016 (1) :19-25.
- [12]邓位.化危机为机遇:英国曼彻斯特韧性城市建设策略[J].城市与减灾, 2017(4):66-70.
- [13]杨雅婷.抗震防灾视角下城市韧性社区评价体系及优化策略研究[D]. 北京工业大学, 2016.



Stage Two: Framework, Index selection and Adjustments

(Next page...)



References

- [14] Sherrieb K, Norris F H, Galea S. Measuring Capacities for Community Resilience[J]. *Social Indicators Research*, 2010, 99(2):227-247.
- [15] Marto R, Papageorgiou C, Klyuev V. Building Resilience to Natural Disasters: An Application to Small Developing States[J]. *Imf Working Papers*, 2017.
- [16] Yu S, Kim S W, Oh C W, et al. Quantitative assessment of disaster resilience: An empirical study on the importance of post-disaster recovery costs[J]. *Reliability Engineering & System Safety*, 2015, 137:6-17.
- [17] Fekete A. Societal resilience indicator assessment using demographic and infrastructure data at the case of Germany in context to multiple disaster risks[J]. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction*, 2018, 31(Oct 2018):203-211.
- [18] Cox R S, Hamlen M. Community Disaster Resilience and the Rural Resilience Index[J]. *American Behavioral Scientist*, 2014, 59(2):220-237.
- [19] Asadzadeh A, Kötter T, Salehi P, et al. Operationalizing a concept: The systematic review of composite indicator building for measuring community disaster resilience[J]. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction*, 2017, 25:147-162.
- [20] Vona M, Mastroberti M, Mitidieri L, et al. New resilience model of communities based on numerical evaluation and observed post seismic reconstruction process[J]. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction*, 2018.
- [21] Kusumastuti R D, Viverita, Husodo Z A, et al. Developing a resilience index towards natural disasters in Indonesia[J]. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction*, 2014, 10:327-340.
- Cutter S L. The landscape of disaster resilience indicators in the USA[J]. *Natural Hazards*, 2015, 80(2):1-18.
- [22] Saja A M A, Teo M, Goonetilleke A, et al. An inclusive and adaptive framework for measuring social resilience to disasters[J]. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction*, 2018.
- [23] Toseroni F, Romagnoli F, Marincioni F. Adapting and Reacting to Measure an Extreme Event: A Methodology to Measure Disaster Community Resilience[J]. *Energy Procedia*, 2016, 95:491-498.
- [24] Feofilovs M, Romagnoli F. Measuring Community Disaster Resilience in the Latvian Context: An Apply Case Using a Composite Indicator Approach[J]. *Energy Procedia*, 2017, 113:43-50.
- [25] Parsons M, Glavac S, Hastings P, et al. Top-down assessment of disaster resilience: a conceptual framework using coping and adaptive capacities[J]. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction*, 2016, 19:1-11.
- [26] Mayunga J S. Measuring the Measure: A Multi-dimensional Scale Model to Measure Community Disaster Resilience in the U.S. Gulf Coast Region[J]. *Dissertations & Theses - Gradworks*, 2010.
- [27] Carone M.T, Marincioni F, Romagnoli F, et al. Use of multi-criteria decision analysis to define social resilience to disaster: the case of the EU LIFE PRIMES project[J]. *Energy Procedia* 2018, 147:166-174.
- [28] Cutter S L. The landscape of disaster resilience indicators in the USA[J]. *Natural Hazards*, 2015, 80(2):1-18.
- [29] Hughes K, Bushell H (2013) A multidimensional approach for measuring resilience. Oxfam GB working paper, London. <http://policy-practice.oxfam.org.uk/publications/a-multidimensional-approach-to-measuring-resilience-302641>. Accessed 25 July 2015



Literature Review

Literature	Summary	What we quote
	A conceptual model based on disaster phases' activities and community capitals was developed in which indicators for measuring disaster resilience were identified. The index was scored and applied in the U.S. Gulf coast region	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To assess resilience from 5 dimensions of capital (social, economic, physical, and human) and 4 disaster phases' (Mitigation, Preparedness, Response, Recovery) • Identify activities in index relevantly to each disaster phase
Top-down assessment of disaster resilience: A conceptual framework using coping and adaptive capacities	This paper introduced the design of an Australian Natural Disaster Resilience Index (ANDRI) , which takes a top-down approach using indicators design based on coping and adaptive capacities representing the potential for disaster resilience.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support to select indicators to assess resilience from specific dimension
Developing a resilience index towards natural disasters in Indonesia	This paper developed a framework to assess the resilience of disaster-prone areas in Indonesia towards natural disasters, by establishing an index from dimensions including social, economic, community capacity, institutional and infrastructure.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quantitative method of indicators • Support to define sub-dimensions
An inclusive and adaptive framework for measuring social resilience to disasters (supplements)	This paper presents an inclusive and adaptive '5S' social resilience framework that was developed based on 172 critical review literatures. The proposed framework consists of five sub-dimensions of social resilience, namely, social structure, social capital, social mechanisms, social equity, and social belief.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More reference and theoretical basis
韧性城市规划理论与方法及其在我国的应用 ——以合肥市市政设施韧性提升规划为例	Based on foreign theories and methods of planning about 'resilient city', this article focus on introducing the connotation and planning method of 'National Resilience' planning in Japan and then take practice about the resilient planning of municipal infrastructure in Hefei as an example.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support us to adjust the index to China's specific situation



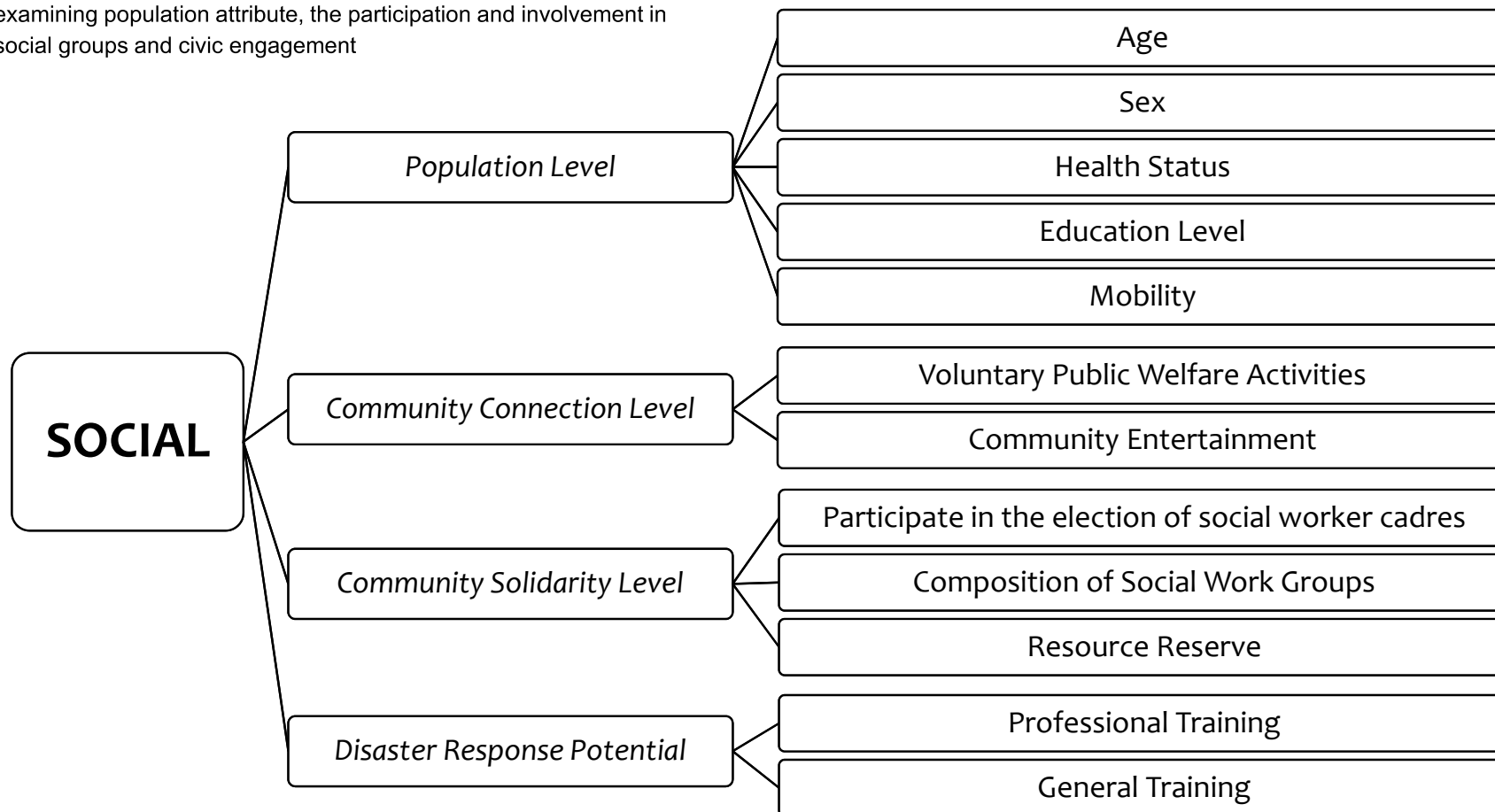
PART 03

Index System

Social/ Economic/ Institutional/ Environmental

SOCIAL Dimension

examining population attribute, the participation and involvement in social groups and civic engagement



SOCIAL Dimension

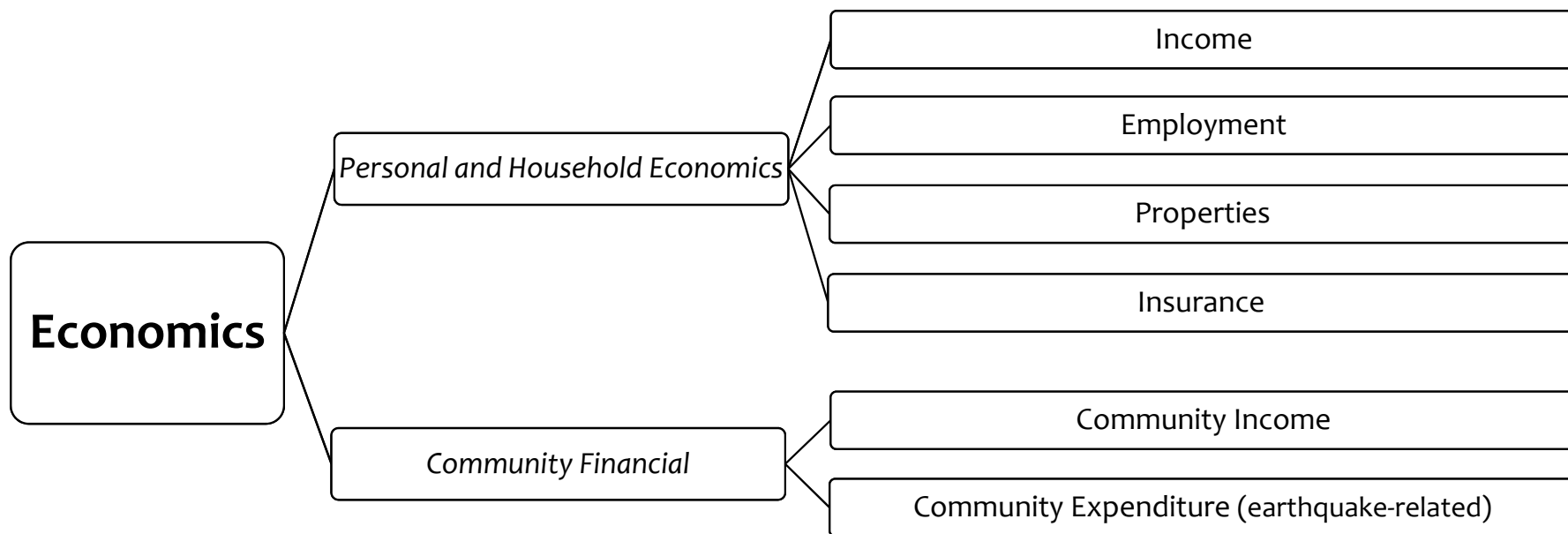
examining population attribute, the participation and involvement in social groups and civic engagement

Dimension	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Mitigation	Preparedness	Response	Recovery	
Social	Population Level	Age	age distribution	Proportion of population in all ages	1	1	1	1	
		Sex	sex distribution	Female population ratio	1	1	1	1	
		Health Status	marital status	Proportion of marital status	1	1	1	1	
			health level	Life expectancy	1	1	1	1	
			Incidence of tuberculosis and other diseases	1	1	1	1		
		Education Level	education level	Proportion of College Students	1	1	1	1	
		Mobility	fixed housing	percent Permanent housing a	1	1	1	1	
			population flow	Resident population ratio	1	1	1	1	
		Community Co-organization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of societies 社团数量 	organization	Youth Apartment/ Public Rental Housing	1	1	1	1
				in	OFO/School bus/ Campus bus	1	1	1	1
	organization			Neighborhood committee/Community medical treatment	1	1	1	1	
				Number of Societies/ number of participants	1	1	1	1	
	Community Support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advertising readings 推送阅读量 		Number of activities and participants	1	1	1	1	
				Advertising readings	1	1	1	1	
				Voting capacity per 1000 people	1	1	1	1	
				Organization participation per 1000 people	1	1	1	1	
	Disaster Response Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organization participation per 1000 people 每千人参与学生会等学生组织人数 	Professional Training	Trained volunteers per 1000 people	1	1	1	1	
				Special skills talents	1	1	1	1	
				Safety and disaster reduction education and training	1	1	1	1	
				Professional training participation per 1000 people	1	1	1	1	
			Training effect	Professional qualification certification per 1000 people	1	1	1	1	
			Degree of attention	Safety education and training person-time per year	1	1	1	1	
	General Training	Training effect	Questionnaire survey on the safety consciousness of ordinary people	1	1	1	1		



ECONOMICS Dimension

financial resources that people use to support their livelihoods



ECONOMICS Dimension

financial resources that people use to support their livelihoods

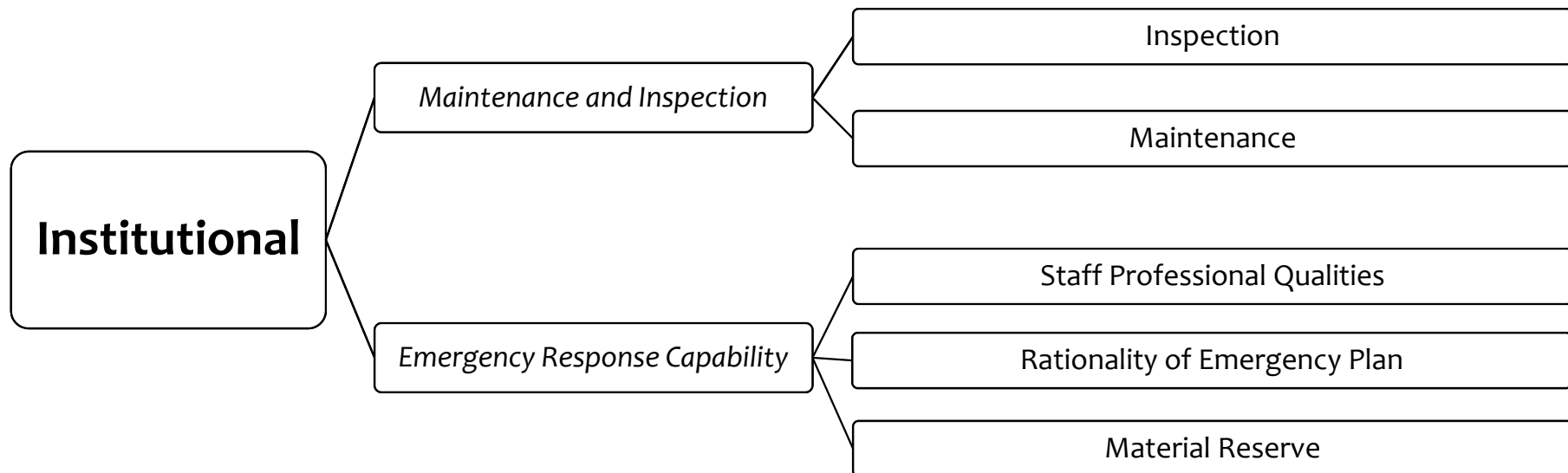
Economics

Dimension	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Mitigation	Preparedness	Response	Recovery	
Economics	Personal and Household Economics	Income	income level	community average income/ region average income	0	0	1	1	
			income diversity	income variation	0	0	1	1	
		Employment	total employment	Employment/population ratio	0	0	1	1	
				occupation diversity	0	0	1	1	
		Properties	land and home ownership	median value of housing units	0	0	0	1	
				houses owned per person	0	0	1	1	
		Insurance	vehicle ownership	vehicle owned per person	0	0	1	0	
				health insurance	% of health insurance	0	0	0	1
		Community Financial	Community Income	property insurance	% of property insurance	0	0	0	1
					inner community income	property fee	1	1	1
	rent				1	1	1	1	
	Community Expenditure (earthquake-related)		outer community income	community service expenditure	fiscal appropriation	1	1	1	1
					emergency response workers expenditure	0	1	0	0
					safety education expenditure	0	1	0	0
					emergency funds	0	1	0	0
	community infrastructure expenditure	community infrastructure expenditure	emergency response facility expenditure	0	1	1	0		
			infrastructure recondition expenditure	1	0	0	0		



INSTITUTIONAL Dimension

the performance of community leaders and administration departments in terms of disaster-related management before earthquake strikes



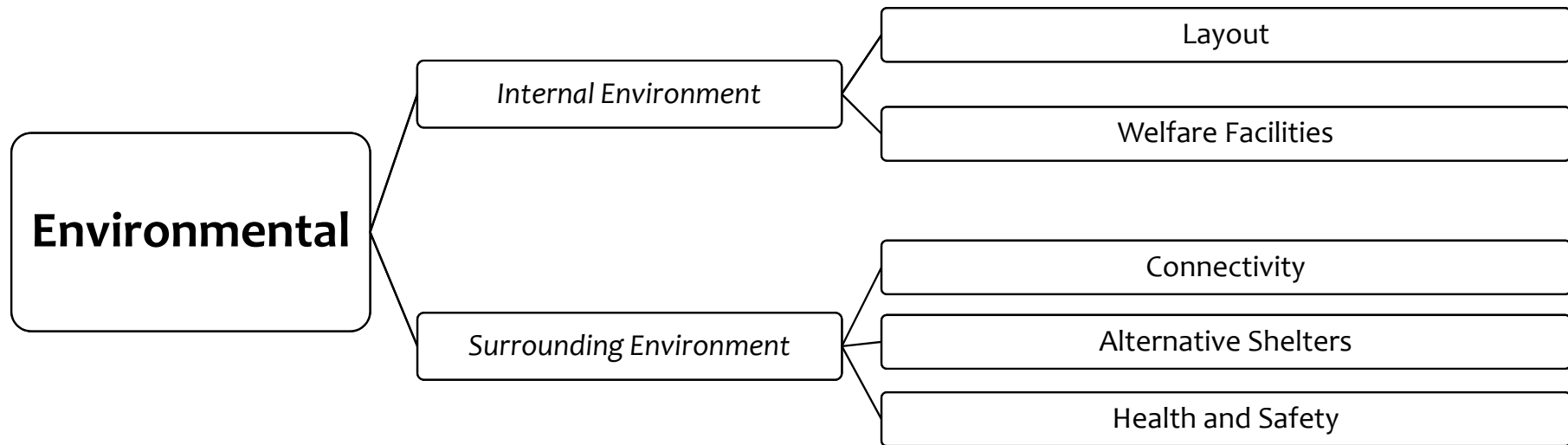
INSTITUTIONAL Dimension

the performance of community leaders and administration departments in terms of disaster-related management before earthquake strikes

Dimension	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Mitigation	Preparedness	Response	Recovery
Institutional	Maintenance and Inspection	Inspection	infrastructure condition check frequency	infrastructure condition check frequency	1	1	0	0
			population employed in infrastructure inspection agency	population employed in infrastructure inspection agency	1	1	0	0
		Maintenance	infrastructure recondition frequency	infrastructure recondition frequency	1	1	0	0
			population employed in infrastructure recondition agency	population employed in infrastructure recondition agency	1	1	1	1
			Repairment Technology Maturity	Repairment Technology Maturity	1	1	1	1
	Emergency Response Capability	Staff Professional Qualities	disaster management training experience	Percentage of population exposed to disaster management education/ socialization	0	0	1	1
				Number of disaster management education/socialization activities per year	1	1	1	1
			specific emergency response skill level	percent population with specific emergency response skills	1	1	1	1
		Rationality of Emergency Plan	reflection and research awareness	existence of regular emergency service reflection and research	1	1	0	1
			Detailedness level of emergency plan	Detailed level of emergency plan	0	1	1	1
Material Reserve	reserve of relief item	reserve of relief item	0	1	1	1		



ENVIRONMENTAL Dimension



ENVIRONMENTAL

Environmental

Dimension	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Mitigation	Preparedness	Response	Recovery							
Environmental	Internal Environment	Welfare Facilities	Connectivity	Alternative Shelters	Health and Safety	0	0	1	1						
										building density	plot ratio	0	0	1	1
											building interval	0	0	1	1
										emergency shelter area	emergency shelter area per capita	0	1	1	0
											road area per capita	0	0	1	1
										internal transportation	percent unoccupied area of evacuation roads	0	0	1	1
											percent evacuation signs coverage outside buildings	0	1	1	1
										healthcare service	yes or no	0	1	1	1
										Licensed child care facilities	yes or no	0	1	1	1
										nursing homes	yes or no	0	1	1	1
											distance to nearest major highway	0	0	1	1
										transportation access	number of community gates	0	0	1	1
											distance to nearest subway station	0	0	1	1
											Distance to Nearest Fire Station from Tract Center	0	0	1	1
										rescue force access	Distance to Nearest Police Station from Tract Center	0	0	1	1
medical service access	distance to nearest hospital	0	0	1	1										
city emergency shelter	distance to nearest city emergency shelter	0	0	1	1										
Hotels/motels capacity	Hotels/motels rooms in 1 km radius per capita	0	0	1	1										
	noxious chemicals	yes or no in 1 km radius	1	0	1	1									
	crime	crime rate	0	0	1	1									
	hosiptal capacity	number of sick beds in 1 km radius	0	1	1	1									

Consult Beijing Earthquake Agency

Do field investigation





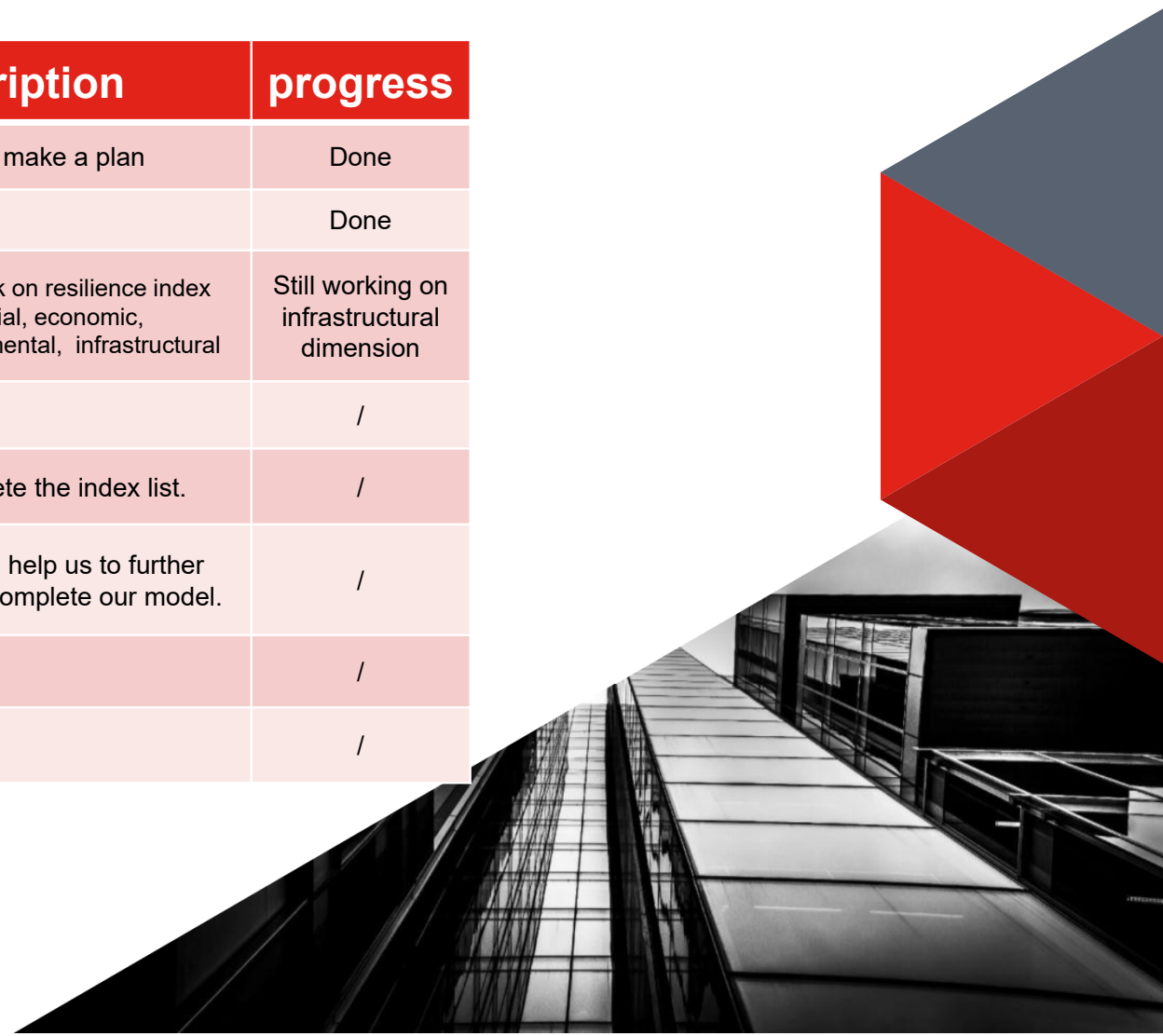
PART 04

Future Plan

Schedule process
Problems arise
Future plan

Schedule

Time	Task	Description	progress
Week 3	The 1st meeting	Meet Dr. Wang and make a plan	Done
Week 4	The 1st presentation		Done
Week 5-6	Literature review	Review previous work on resilience index over dimensions: social, economic, institutional, environmental, infrastructural	Still working on infrastructural dimension
Week 6-7	Finish the first draft of the index list		/
Week 8	The 2nd meeting	Discuss and complete the index list.	/
Week 9	Expert review	Over 50 experts will help us to further select indices and complete our model.	/
Week 10	Finish reports		/
Week 11	Prepare for the final presentation		/



Problems for further discussion

What we always focus on

Are indicators appropriate?



Are we missing any specific indicators?

How should we measure these indicators?

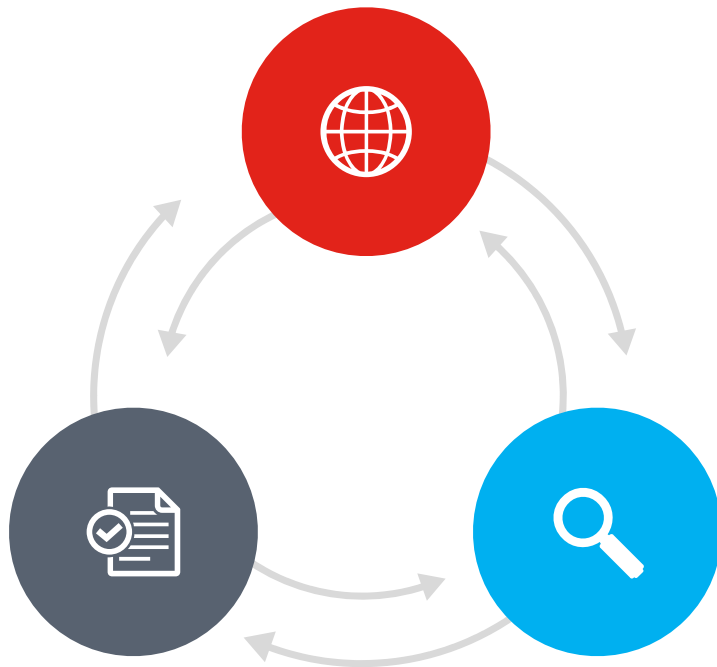


Do indicators really affect different stages of earthquake occurrence?



Plan for the coming 2 weeks

A few questions that need help from teachers and experts.



Group efforts

Compile the infrastructure dimension, and finish the first draft of the entire index system



Teacher

Give guidance and advice for our work done. More explicit requirements for the final outcome of course design.



Experts

Help us revise the contents of the system framework we have completed from a professional earthquake management perspective.





GROUP 3

Thank you for listening

Yikun Liu; Jingqiu Liao; Jian Tang; Weixuan Chen; Yinan Hu